



Managing Medicines Policy

Stanford in the Vale CE Primary School is committed to reducing any barriers that may prevent children from sharing in school life and learning. This policy explains the steps that the school will take to ensure full access to learning for all the children who have medical needs and are able to attend school. The policy complies with the EYFS Statutory Framework (Sept 24) re: Medicines and DFE guidelines.

1. Managing prescription medicines which need to be taken during the school day.

- 1.1 Parents should provide full information about their child's medical needs.
- 1.2 Short-term prescription requirements should only be brought to school if it is detrimental to the child's health not to have the medicine during the school day.
- 1.3 The school/setting will **not** accept medicines that have been taken out of the container as originally dispensed, nor make changes to prescribed dosages.
- 1.4 The school will not administer medicines that have not been prescribed by a doctor, dentist, nurse prescriber or pharmacist prescriber.
- 1.5 Some medicines prescribed for children (e.g methylphenidate, known as Ritalin) come under the regulations of the Misuse of Drugs Act. Members of staff may administer a controlled drug, in accordance with the prescriber's instructions. The school will keep controlled drugs in a locked non-portable container, to which only named staff will have access. A record of access to the container will be kept. Misuse of a controlled drug is an offence.
- 1.6 Medicines should always be provided in the original container as dispensed by a pharmacist and should include the prescriber's instructions for administration. In all cases this should include:
 - Name of child
 - Name of medicine
 - Dose
 - Method of administration
 - Time/frequency of administration
 - Any side effects
 - Expiry date
- 1.7 The school/setting will refer to the government guidance document when dealing with any other particular issues relating to managing medicines.

2. Procedures for managing prescription medicines on trips and outings and during sporting activities

- 2.1 The school will consider what reasonable adjustments might be made to enable children with medical needs to participate fully and safely on visits. This may extend to reviewing and revising the visits policy and procedures so that planning arrangements incorporate the necessary steps to include children with medical needs. It might also incorporate risk assessments for such children. Individual risk assessments for children with medical needs may be required.
- 2.2 If staff are concerned about how they can best provide for a child's safety, or the safety of other children on a visit, they should seek parental views and medical advice from the school health service or the child's GP. Please refer to the DCSF guidance on planning educational visits.
- 2.3 The school will support children wherever possible in participating in physical activities and extra-curricular sport. Any restriction on a child's ability to participate in PE should be recorded on their Health Care Plan.
- 2.4 Some children may need to take precautionary measures before or during exercise, and may need access, for example, to asthma inhalers. Staff supervising sporting activities will be made aware of relevant medical conditions, and will consider the need for a risk assessment to be made.



Managing Medicines Policy

3. The roles and responsibilities of staff managing administration of medicines, and for administering or supervising the administration of medicines

- 3.1 Close co-operation between schools, settings, parents, health professionals and other agencies will help provide a suitably supportive environment for children with medical needs.
- 3.2 It is important that responsibility for child safety is clearly defined and that each person responsible for a child with medical needs is aware of what is expected of them.
- 3.3 The school will always take full account of temporary/supply staff when informing staff of arrangements for the administration of medicines.
- 3.4 The school will always designate a minimum of two people to be responsible for the administering of medicine to a child.
- 3.5 Staff should **never** give a non-prescribed medicine to a child.
- 3.6 Any controlled drugs that have been prescribed for a child must be kept in safe custody.
- 3.7 If a child refuses to take medicine, staff will not force them to do so. Staff should record the incident and follow agreed procedures. Parents will be informed of the refusal on the same day. If refusal results in an emergency, the school/setting's normal emergency procedures will be followed.
- 3.8 Staff will record any medicine administered – date, time, amount and if there were any side effects.

4. Parental responsibilities in respect of their child's medical needs

- 4.1 It is the parents' responsibility to provide the school with sufficient information about their child's medical needs if treatment or special care is needed.
- 4.2 Parents are expected to work with the school to reach an agreement on the school's role in supporting their child's medical needs, in accordance with the school's policy.
- 4.3 The school should have parental agreement before passing on information about their child's health to other staff. Sharing information is important if staff and parents are to ensure the best care for a child.
- 4.4 It requires only one parent/carer to agree to or request that medicines are administered to a child. It is likely that this will be the parent with whom the school or setting has day-to-day contact.
- 4.5 Prior written agreement should be obtained from parents/carers for any medicines to be given to a child. (using the form: Parental agreement for school/setting to administer medicine)
- 4.6 It is the responsibility of the parent to ensure that medicines kept at school are within date, including inhalers and epi-pens.

5. Assisting children with long-term or complex medical needs

Where there are long-term medical needs for a child, a Health Care Plan should be completed, involving both parents and relevant health professionals.

- 5.1 A Health Care Plan clarifies for staff, parents and the child the help that can be provided. It is important for staff to be guided by the child's GP or paediatrician.
- 5.2 The school will agree with parents how often they should jointly review the health care plan. It is sensible to do this at least once a year, but much depends on the nature of the child's particular needs; some would need reviewing more frequently.
- 5.3 The school will assess each child's needs individually as children and young people vary in their ability to cope with poor health or a particular medical condition. Plans will also take into account a pupil's age and appropriate level of need to take personal responsibility and manage their own medication.
- 5.4 Depending on the level of support the child needs, those who may need to contribute to a health care pro forma include the: school health service, the child's GP or other health care professionals that work with the child.
- 5.5 The school/setting will consult the DCSF publication '*Managing Medicines in Schools and Early Years Settings*' when dealing with the needs of children with the following common conditions:

- Asthma



Managing Medicines Policy

- Epilepsy
- Diabetes
- Anaphylaxis

6 Policy on children carrying and taking their prescribed medicines themselves

An example of this would be a child with asthma using an inhaler.

6.1 It is good practice to support and encourage pupils, who are able, to take responsibility to manage their own medicines.

6.2 There is no set age when a child or young person can take responsibility for their own medication. This needs to be a joint decision between school, parents/carers and the pupil.

6.3 Where pupils have been prescribed controlled drugs, these must be kept in safe custody.

6.4 If children take an inhaler, they record the date and time taken on a record sheet and staff will inform parents.

7 Staff support and training in dealing with medical needs

7.1 The school will ensure that staff will receive appropriate support and training where necessary, in line with the contractual duty on headteachers to ensure that staff will receive any necessary training.

7.2 Staff who have a child with medical needs in their class or group will be informed about the nature of the condition, and when and where the child may need extra attention.

7.3 The child's parents and health professionals should provide the information specified above.

7.4 All staff should be aware of the likelihood of an emergency arising and what action to take if one occurs.

7.5 Back up cover should be arranged for when the member of staff responsible is absent or unavailable.

7.6 At different times of the day other staff, such as lunchtime supervisors, may be responsible for children. They will also be provided with relevant information, training and advice.

7.7 The school/setting will ensure that there are sufficient members of support staff who manage medicines as part of their duties. This includes the specification of such duties in their job description and participation in appropriate training.

7.8 Any member of staff who agrees to accept responsibility for administering prescribed medicines to a child will have appropriate training and guidance. They will also be made aware of possible side effects of the medicines, and what to do if they occur. The type of training necessary will depend on the individual case.

7.9 Teachers' conditions of employment do not include giving or supervising a pupil taking medicines. Agreement to do so must be voluntary.

8 Record keeping

8.1 Although there is no similar legal requirement for schools to keep records of medicines given to pupils, and the staff involved, it is good practice to do so. Records offer protection to staff and proof that they have followed agreed procedures.

9. Safe storage of medicines

9.1 The school will only store, supervise and administer medicine that has been prescribed for an individual child.

9.2 Medicines will be stored strictly in accordance with product instructions – paying particular note to temperature and in the original container in which dispensed.

9.3 Staff will ensure that the supplied container is clearly labelled with the name of the child, the name and dose of the medicine and the frequency of administration.

9.4 Children will be informed where their own medicines are stored and who holds the key.

9.5 All emergency medicines, such as asthma inhalers and adrenaline pens, will be readily available to children and will not be locked away.



Managing Medicines Policy

- 9.6 This school will allow children to carry their own inhalers.
- 9.7 Other non-emergency medicines will be kept in a secure place not accessible to children.

10. Disposal of Medicines

- 10.1 The school will not dispose of medicines. Parents are responsible for ensuring that date-expired medicines are returned to a pharmacy for safe disposal.
- 10.2 Parents should also collect medicines held at the end of each term. If parents do not collect all medicines, they will be taken to a local pharmacy for safe disposal.
- 10.3 Sharps boxes will always be used for the disposal of needles. Collection and disposal of the boxes will be arranged with the Local Authority or with parents.

11. Hygiene and Infection Control

- 11.1 All staff should be familiar with normal precautions for avoiding infection and follow basic hygiene procedures
- 11.2 Staff will have access to protective disposable gloves and aprons and will take care when dealing with spillages of blood or other body fluids, and disposing of dressings or equipment.

12. Access to the school/setting's emergency procedures

- 12.1 As part of general risk management processes the school will have arrangements in place for dealing with emergency situations.
- 12.2 Other children should know what to do in the event of an emergency, such as telling a member of staff.
- 12.3 All staff should know how to call the emergency services.
- 12.4 All staff should also know who is responsible for carrying out emergency procedures in the event of need.
- 12.5 A member of staff will always accompany a child taken to hospital by ambulance, and will stay until the parent arrives.
- 12.6 Health professionals are responsible for any decisions on medical treatment when parents are not available.
- 12.7 Staff should never take children to hospital in their own car; it is safer to call an ambulance.
- 12.8 Individual Health Care Plans will include instructions as to how to manage a child in an emergency, and identify who has the responsibility in an emergency. Those with responsibility at different times of day (e.g. lunchtime supervisor) will need to be very clear of their role.

Policy Adopted: January 2025

Next Review: January 2027

Written by: Amanda Willis



Managing Medicines Policy

FORM 3A

Parental agreement for school/setting to administer medicine

The school/setting will not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this form, and the school or setting has a policy that staff can administer medicine.

Name of school/setting [text box]

Name of child [text box]

Date of birth [text box with slashes]

Group/class/form [text box]

Medical condition or illness [text box]

Medicine

Name/type of medicine (as described on the container) [text box]

Date dispensed [text box with slashes]

Expiry date [text box with slashes]

Agreed review date to be initiated by [name of member of staff] [text box]

Dosage and method [text box]

Timing [text box]

Special precautions [text box]

Are there any side effects that the school/setting needs to know about? [text box]

Self administration Yes/No (delete as appropriate)

Procedures to take in an emergency [text box]

Contact Details

Name [text box]

Daytime telephone no. [text box]

Relationship to child [text box]

Address [text box]

I understand that I must deliver the medicine personally to [agreed member of staff] [text box]

I accept that this is a service that the school/setting is not obliged to undertake.

I understand that I must notify the school/setting of any changes in writing.

Date [text box]

Signature(s) [text box]

